

# 8-channel Pt100/Pt1000 temperature to Modbus TCP and MQTT network data

# acquisition module WJ285

### Product features:

- •Convert 8-channel Pt100/Pt1000 thermistor to standard Modbus TCP protocol
- Supports communication protocols such as TCP Server, UDP, MQTT, etc
- Built in web page function, data can be queried through web pages
- •Standard 3-wire measurement method with automatic long line compensation
- •Using a 12 bit AD converter, the measurement accuracy is better than 0.1%
- •The accuracy of the calibration module can be programmed through the network
- •Wide power supply range: 8~32VDC
- •High reliability, easy programming, and easy application
- •Standard DIN35 rail installation, convenient for centralized wiring
- •Users can set module IP addresses and other parameters on the webpage
- •Low cost, small size, modular design
- Dimensions: 106 mm x 59mm x 37mm

Typical applications:

- Signal measurement, monitoring, and MQTT reporting
- •TCP network, data collection
- •Intelligent building control, security engineering and other application systems
- Industrial automation control system diagram of TCP network,
- •Equipment operation monitoring, MES system
- •Measurement of sensor signals
- Acquisition and recording of industrial field data
- •Development of medical and industrial control products
- •Pt100/Pt1000 temperature signal measurement

### Product Overview:

The WJ285 product is an IoT and industrial Ethernet acquisition module that enables transparent data exchange between sensors and networks. The analog data from sensors can be forwarded to the network.



Figure 2 Internal Block Diagram of WJ285 Module

The WJ285 series products include power conditioning, Pt100/Pt1000 temperature signal acquisition, and RJ-45 network interface communication. The communication method adopts MODBUS TCP protocol. TCP is a transport layer based protocol that is widely used and a reliable connection oriented protocol. Users can directly set module IP



WJ285 module appearance diagram



addresses, subnet masks, etc. on the webpage. Can be used for monitoring and controlling the operation of sensor devices.

The WJ285 series products are intelligent monitoring and control systems based on microcontrollers, where user set module IP addresses, subnet masks, and other configuration information are stored in non-volatile memory EEPROM.

The WJ285 series products are designed and manufactured according to industrial standards, with strong anti-interference ability and high reliability. The working temperature range is -45  $^{\circ}$ C to+80  $^{\circ}$ C.

### **Function Introduction:**

The WJ285 remote I/O module can be used to measure 8 Pt100/Pt1000 temperature signals.

### 1. Temperature signal input

12 bit acquisition accuracy, 8 temperature signal inputs. Measure temperature range -200~600 degrees. The product has been fully calibrated before leaving the factory. During use, users can also easily program and calibrate themselves.

2. Communication Protocol

Communication interface: RJ-45 network interface. The two indicator lights at the network port position, the Link light (green light) stays on and the Data light (yellow light) stays on after the network cable is plugged in.

Communication protocol: MODBUS TCP protocol is adopted to achieve industrial Ethernet data exchange. It can also communicate with modules through TCP sockets.

Network cache: 2K bytes (for both sending and receiving)

Communication response time: less than 10mS.

3. Anti interference

There is a transient suppression diode inside the module, which can effectively suppress various surge pulses and protect the module.

Product model:

<b>WJ285 - Z</b>	□ - RJ45
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Input type: Z 🗆			nmunication interface: RJ45
code	explain	code	explain
Z1	<b>PT100, -</b> 200~600°C	RJ45	Output as RJ-45 network interface
Z5	<b>PT1000,</b> -200~600°C		

Selection example 1: Model: WJ285-Z1-RJ45 represents 8-channel PT100, -200~600 °C signal input, and output is RJ-45 network interface

Selection Example 2: Model: WJ285-Z5-RJ45 represents 8-channel PT1000, with -200~600 °C signal input and RJ-45 network interface output

WJ285 General Parameters:

(Typical @+25 °C, Vs is 24VDC)

Input type: Pt100 input/Pt1000 input

Measurement temperature range: -200~600 °C

Accuracy: 0.1%

Temperature drift: ± 50 ppm/°C (± 100 ppm/°C, maximum)

Bandwidth: -3 dB 10 Hz

Conversion rate: 16FPS (factory default value, users can modify the conversion rate on the webpage.)

You can set the AD conversion rate to 2SPS, 4SPS, 8SPS, 16SPS, 32SPS, 50SPS, 80SPS, 100SPS by sending commands

## WAYJUN TECHNOLOGY

# Signal Isolators & Conditioners

Common mode rejection (CMR): 120 dB (1k Ω Source Imbalance @ 50/60 Hz)

Normal mode suppression (NMR): 60 dB (1k Ω Source Imbalance @ 50/60 Hz)

Input protection: overvoltage protection, overcurrent protection

Communication: MODBUS TCP communication protocol or TCP socket character protocol or MQTT protocol

Web page: Supports web access module and web page setting module parameters.

Interface: RJ-45 network interface.

Communication response time: 100 ms maximum

Working power supply:+8~32VDC wide power supply range, with internal anti reverse and overvoltage protection circuits

Power consumption: less than 3W

Working temperature: -45~+80 °C

Working humidity: 10~90% (no condensation)

Storage temperature: -45~+80 °C

Storage humidity: 10~95% (no condensation)

Dimensions: 106 mm x 59mm x 37mm

### Pin definition and wiring:

Pin	name	Description	Pin	name	Description
one	A0	The A end of the input channel 0 of			
		the thermistor	-		
two	B0	BI terminal of input channel 0 of			
		thermistor	14		
three	GND2	Simulate signal ground, B2 terminal	(Eth	RJ-45	RJ-45 network interface
		of thermistor input	ernet		
four	A1	Terminal A of input channel 1 for	port)		
1001		thermistor	_		
five	B1	B1 terminal of thermistor input			
IIVe		channel 1			
	A2	Terminal A of thermistor input	fiftee	A5	Terminal A of input channel 5 for
SIX		channel 2	n		thermistor
	B2	B1 terminal of thermistor input	sixte	B5	B1 terminal of thermistor input channel
seven		channel 2	en		5
	A3	Terminal A of input channel 3 for	seve	GND2	Simulate signal ground, B2 terminal of
eight		thermistor	ntee		thermistor input
			n		
	B3	B1 terminal of thermistor input	eight	A6	Terminal A of input channel 6 for
nine		channel 3	een		thermistor
4.07	A4	Terminal A of input channel 4 for	ninet	B6	B1 terminal of thermistor input channel
ten		thermistor	een		6
	B4	B1 terminal of thermistor input	twen	GND2	Simulate signal ground, B2 terminal of
eleven		channel 4	ty		thermistor input
	PW+	Positive end of power supply	twen	A7	Terminal A of input channel 7 for
twelve			ty-on		thermistor
			e		
thirtee	GND	Negative end of power supply	twen	B7	B1 terminal of thermistor input channel
n			ty-tw		7



0

Note: The pins with the same name are internally connected



Figure 3 Wiring diagram of WJ285 module

**Configure WJ285 module through computer** 





😰 控制面板\所有控制面板项 🟺 以太网 状态	🔋 以太网 廬性	Internet 协议版本 4 (TCP/IPv4) 届性 X	2.Open the computer "Ethernet" -
← → ∽ ↑ 😰 <sup>常規</sup>	网络	常规	"Properties" - "Internet Protocol
组织 ▼ 连接	连接时使用:	如果网络支持此功能,则可以获取自动指派的 IP 设置。否则,你需要从网 络系统管理员处获得适当的 IP 设置。	Version $A$ (TCP/ID $_{\rm V}A$ )" Set the
IPv4 连接: □[v4 连接: □[v6 连接:	Realter PCIe GDE Family Contr	-	
Realist DCie 6bt 媒体状态:	此连接使用下列项目(O):	<ul> <li>自动获得 IP 地址(O)</li> <li>クロエア新た 19 地址(O)</li> </ul>	computer IP and other information as
持续回归日: 速度:	Microsoft 网络客户端	● 150月 FLBHS IP 用5日(5): IP 地均止(1): 192.168.0.8	follows:
详细信息(E)	☑ 號 Microsoft 网络的文件和打印机 ☑ 號 QoS 数据包计划程序	子网掩码(U): 255,255,255,0	"
	✓ Internet 协议版本 4 (TCP/IPv4)	默认网关(D): 192.168.0.1	$ID = 11_{10000} 102 - 168 = 0 = 114$
活动 ————————————————————————————————————	<ul> <li>☑ ▲ Microsoft LLDP 协议驱动程序</li> <li>☑ ▲ Internet 协议版本 6 (TCP/IPv6)</li> </ul>	○ 自动获得 DNS 服务器地址(B)	IP address: 192 168. 0 eight
已发送	■ 链路层拓扑发现响应程序	● 使用下面的 DNS 服务器地址(E):	Subnet mask: 255 255 . 255 . 0
字节: 4,227,784	<b>安装(N)</b> 卸载(U)	首选 DNS 服务器(P):	Default gateway: 192 168 . 0
	描述 传输控制协议/Internet 协议。该协议	TYT用 DINS 服装構(A):	one
- 学属性(P) - 学 禁用(D)	于在不同的相互连接的网络上通信。	□ 退出时验证设置(L) 高级(V)	<i>"</i>
		総元 取消	
	1.000		3. Open a browser to access:
<ul> <li>Config</li> </ul>	×	+	"192 168 0 7"
			172.100.0.7
	全 192.168.0.7		
配置模块参数			
大学本手物中			
仕线互有数据			
konth合的笔			
75011111里凹口目			



<b>参</b> 数设置	-	Click	on	'Configure	Module
SXXXII		Parame	eters' to	o set module p	arameters,
采样速率		as show	vn in tl	ne figure	
100 SPS 🗸					
网络配置	1				
工作方式					
TCP Server 🗸					
本地IP设置					
手动设置IP <b>×</b>					
MAC地址					
4A:8E:BF:7F:ED:7C					
IP地址					
192.168.0.7					
默认网关					
192.168.0.1					
子网掩码					
255.255.255.0					
本地端口					
23					
自动上报时间间隔(ms)					
0					
模块名称					
4A8EBF7FED7C					
MQTT设置					
关闭MQTT功能 ✓					
保友并重定					



~ 数据显示	Click on 'View Data Online' to view
	module data, as shown in the figure
温度值	
通道0:299.542969 °C	
通道1:666.659973 °C	
通道2:666.659973 °C	
通道3:666.659973 °C	
通道4:666.659973 °C	
通道5:666.659973 °C	
通道6:666.659973 °C	
通道7:666.659973 °C	
	Click on 'Json Batch Configuration'
[dstallate]: 0, [workmode]: 0, [set]P]: 11, [mac]: 04:FD:4F:4F:4F:4F:1F].	to batch configure modules, as shown
"ipAddress": "192.168.0.7", "gsteway": "192.166.0.1", "netmask", "255,235.0",	in the figure
localPort; 23, "remoteServer1; 23, "remoteServer1;" 192, 168.0.160", "sendTime". "0"	
<pre>"devName': "DarD4FA54F1F",     setMQTT': "0",     martHostUrl': "broker.emgx.io",</pre>	
clientid : D4FD4FAS4FJF, "username";" "passwd": """ "tonic " Maawing.mb"	
"port": "1883" "publime": "000", "subtopic: "/warjun/sub"	
2	
Save Json data Clear	



**Character Communication Protocol:** 

**MQTT protocol:** After a successful connection, a command is sent to the MQTT subscription topic of the module, and the replied data is displayed on the MQTT publication topic of the module.

Under working modes such as TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP Mode, Web Socket, etc.: After a successful connection, commands can be sent and data can be received.

### 1、 Read data command

Send: # 01 (If timed automatic reporting is set, there is no need to send commands, the module will report data at regular intervals)

**Reply:** {"time": "194685", "devname": "D4FD4FA54F1F", "temp": [-74.434761, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973]}

Format Description:

The module name 'devName' can be modified on the webpage as needed

The internal time of the 'time' module, measured in mS.

The temperature data collected by the "temp" module is in °C.

You can also read a single set of data:

#01>temp reply: {"temp": [300.253647, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973, -666.659973]}

### 2. Read configuration commands

The configuration parameters of the reading module can also be viewed directly on the webpage.

Send:% 01ReadConfig

**Reply:** {"version": "V1.0", "dataRate": 7, "setIP": 1, "mac": "4A: 8E: BF: 7F: ED: 7C", "ipAddress": "192.168.0.7", "gateway": "192.168.0.1", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "work mode": 0, "localPort": 23, "remotePort": 23, "remoteServerIP": "192.168.0.160", "sendTime": 0, "devName": "4A8EBF7FED7C", "setMQTT": 0, "mqttHostURL" broker. emqx. io "," client ID ":" 4A8EBF7FED7C "," username ":" "," passwd ":" "," topic ":"/wayjun/sub "," port ": 1883," pubTime ": 5000," subtopic ":"/wayjun/sub "}

#### 3. Set configuration commands

The configuration parameters of the module can also be set directly on the webpage. You can set all or some parameters, and the module will automatically restart after setting.

### send out:

%01WriteConfig{"version":"V1.0","dataRate":7,"setIP":1,"mac":"4A:8E:BF:7F:ED:7C","ipAddress":"192.168.0.7","gat eway":"192.168.0.1","netmask":"255.255.255.0","workmode":0,"localPort":23,"remotePort":23,"remoteServerIp":"192. 168.0.160","sendTime":0,"devName":"4A8EBF7FED7C","setMQTT":0,"mqttHostUrl":"broker.emqx.io","clientId":"4A 8EBF7FED7C","username":"","passwd":"","topic":"/wayjun/pub","port":1883,"pubTime":5000,"subtopic":"/wayjun/sub "}

You can also set only a single parameter, such as modifying IP:% 01WriteConfig {"ipAddress": "192.168.0.7"} **Reply:**! 01 (cr) indicates successful setting? 01 (cr) indicates a command error



### **Modbus TCP protocol**

The module defaults to one Modbus TCP Server at the factory, no need to set it up, just communicate according to the Modbus TCP protocol. If more Modbus TCP servers are needed, please change the module's working mode to Modbus TCP in the configuration parameters. Supports up to 6 Modbus TCP servers.



### (1) Modbus TCP data frames:

Transmission over TCP/IP Ethernet, supporting Ethernet II and 802.3 frame formats. As shown in Figure 3, the Modbus TCP data frame consists of three parts: packet header, function code, and data.



Figure 6: Request/Response of MODBUS on TCP/IP

### (2) MBAP message header description:

The MBAP header (MBAP, Modbus Application Protocol, Modbus Application Protocol) is divided into 4 fields, totaling 7 bytes, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: MBAP Message Header

Domain	Length (B)	Description		
Transmission	2 bytes	Indicate the transmission of a MODBUS query/response		
identification				
Protocol Logo	2 bytes	0=MODBUS protocol		
Length	2 bytes	Subsequent byte count		
Unit identifier	1 byte	Identification code of remote slave station connected on		
		serial link or other bus		

### (3) Modbus function code:

Modbus function codes are divided into three types, namely:

(1) Public Function Code: Defined function codes that ensure their uniqueness and are recognized by Modbus.org;

(2) There are two sets of user-defined function codes, namely 65-72 and 100-110, which do not require approval but do

not guarantee the uniqueness of code usage. If it becomes public code, it needs to be approved by RFC;

(3) The reserved functional code, which is used by certain companies on certain traditional devices, cannot be used for public purposes.

Among the commonly used public function codes, WJ89 supports some function codes, as shown below:



Function code		n code	name	explain			
	03	Read Holding Register	Read and hold register	1 represents high level, 0 represents low level.			

### (4) Description of supported function codes

### 03 (0x03) Read hold register

In a remote device, use this function code to read the contents of consecutive blocks in the hold register. The request PDU specifies the starting register address and the number of registers. Address registers from scratch. Therefore, addressing registers 1-16 are 0-15. In the response message, each register has two bytes, with the first byte being the data high bit and the second byte being the data low bit.

e oi	f function code	03, read input a	nalog quantity,	register addre	ss 40001:			
	request			response				
	Field	Name	hexadecim	Fi	hexadecimal			
			al					
		Transmissio	01		Transmission	01		
		n	00		identification	00		
		identificatio						
	MBAP	n		MBAP				
	message	Protocol	00	message	Protocol Logo	00		
	header	Logo	00	header		00		
		length	00		length	00		
			06			05		
		Unit	01		Unit identifier	01		
		identifier						
	Function code		03	Function cod	le	03		
	Starting address Hi		00	Byte count Register value Hi (0x00)		02		
Starting address Lo		ess Lo	00			00		

Example

### Register address description for WJ285 (note: addresses are all decimal numbers) Supports registers with function code 03.

00

01

11	11							
Addres	s 4X	Address (PC,	Data content	attri	Data Explanation			
(PLC)		DCS)		bute				
forty	thousand	ten	Channel 0 integer	read-	The measured temperature data, signed			
and elev	ven		temperature value	only	integer, divided by 10 equals the actual			
forty	thousand	eleven	Channel 1 integer	read-	temperature.			
and twe	lve		temperature value	only	If the data is -8888, it indicates a short circuit			
forty	thousand	twelve	Channel 2 integer	read-	in the thermal resistance,			
and thir	teen		temperature value	only	If the data is 8888, it indicates a			
forty	thousand	thirteen	Channel 3 integer	read-	thermoelectric blocking line.			
and four	rteen		temperature value	only				

Register value Lo (DI7-DI0)

Register number Hi

Register number Lo

00



forty thousand	fourteen	Channel 4 integer	read-	
and fifteen		temperature value	only	
forty thousand	fifteen	Channel 5 integer	read-	
and sixteen		temperature value	only	
forty thousand	sixteen	Channel 6 integer	read-	
and seventeen		temperature value	only	
forty thousand	seventeen	Channel 7 integer	read-	
and eighteen		temperature value	only	
40031~40032	30~31	Channel 0 floating	read-	Measured temperature data, 32-bit
		point temperature	only	floating-point number,
		value		For example, channel 0, the low 16 bits are
40033~40034	32~33	Floating point	read-	in register 40031,
		temperature value of	only	The high 16 bits are in register 40032, and
		channel 1		the same applies to other channels.
40035~40036	34~35	Floating point	read-	If the data is -888.88, it indicates a short
		temperature value of	only	circuit in the thermal resistance,
		channel 2		If the data is 888.88, it indicates a
40037~40038	36~37	Floating point	read-	thermoelectric blocking line.
		temperature value of	only	
		channel 3		
40039~40040	38~39	Channel 4 Floating	read-	
		Point Temperature	only	
		Value		
40041~40042	40~41	Channel 5 Floating	read-	
		Point Temperature	only	
		Value		
40043~40044	42~43	Channel 6 Floating	read-	
		Point Temperature	only	
		Value		
40045~40046	44~45	Floating point	read-	
		temperature value of	only	
		channel 7		
forty thousand	two hundred and	Module Name	read-	High bit: 0x02 Low bit: 0x85
two hundred and	ten		only	
eleven				

### **Calibration module:**

## The product has been calibrated before leaving the factory, and users can use it directly without calibration.

During use, you can also use the product's calibration function to recalibrate the module. When in school, the module needs to input appropriate signals, and different input ranges require different input signals.

To improve calibration accuracy, it is recommended to use the following equipment for calibration:



1. A high-precision resistor box that can be precise to 0.01 ohms

Calibration process

- 1. Connect the corresponding input signal to the channel that needs to be calibrated according to the input range of the module.
- 2. Input 0 ohms to the WJ285 module.
- 3. After the signal stabilizes, send \$01 {"calibrationCHx": 0} to the WJ285 module, where x has a value range of 0-7, representing 8 channels. The module will perform zero calibration.

4. Input the resistance signal corresponding to 600 degrees to the WJ285 module.

For example, Pt100, with a full range of 600 degrees, adjust the resistance of the resistance box to 313.708 ohms

For example, Pt1000, with a full range of 600 degrees, adjust the resistance of the resistance box to 3137.08 ohms

5. After the signal stabilizes, send \$01 {"calibrationCHx": 1} to the WJ285 module, where x has a value range of 0-7, representing 8 channels. The module will undergo full calibration.

1、 Calibration completed.

# **Common problems with WJ285**

## 1. Cross network segment issues

If the IP of the device and the communicating PC are not in the same network segment and are directly connected via Ethernet or under the same sub router, then the two cannot communicate at all.

give an example:

Device IP: 192.168.0.7

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

PC's IP: 192.168.1.100

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Due to the device's IP being 192.168.0.7, it is unable to log in to the device's webpage or ping it on the PC.

If you want the two to communicate, you need to set the subnet mask of the device and PC, as well as the subnet mask on the router, to 255.255.0.0, so that you can log in to the module webpage.

# 2. The device can ping, but the webpage cannot be opened

There may be several reasons for this:

1) The device has set a static IP address that conflicts with the IP addresses of existing devices in the network

2) The HTTP server port has been modified (default should be 80)

3) Other reasons

Solution: Reset the device to an unused IP address; Restore factory settings or enter the correct port when opening the browser.

# 3. Every once in a while, there is a disconnection and reconnection

Every once in a while, there will be a phenomenon of disconnection and reconnection

Reason: There is an issue of IP address conflict between the serial server and other devices

### 4. Communication is abnormal, network connection cannot be established, or search cannot be found

The firewall of the current computer needs to be turned off (in the Windows firewall settings)

Three local ports must not conflict, meaning they must be set to different values. Default values are 23, 26, and 29

Having illegal MAC addresses, such as full FF MAC addresses, may result in inability to connect to the target IP address or duplicate MAC addresses.

Illegal IP addresses, such as network segments that are not in the same network segment as the router, may not be able to access the external network.

### 5. Hardware problem search

Poor power supply from the power adapter or poor contact of the plug



If the power light and network port light are not on, it means there is no power supply or the hardware is broken.

### **Dimensions: (Unit: mm)**



Can be installed on standard DIN35 rails

#### guarantee:

Within two years from the date of sale, if the user complies with the storage, transportation, and usage requirements and the product quality is lower than the technical specifications, it can be returned to the factory for free repair. If damage is caused due to violation of operating regulations and requirements, device fees and maintenance fees shall be paid.

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